

daidalos peutz laboratory of acoustics



NOISE LAB TEST REPORT Number A-2022LAB-052-3-45019_E

Customer :	Indetex Rue du Mont Gallois 7700 Mouscron Belgium	58										
Contacts :	Client : Noise lab :	Philippe Debie Els Meulemans										
Tests :	Measurement of sou	Measurement of sound absorption in the reverberation room										
Noise lab : Els Meulemans												
	Acoustics - Measu	rement of sound absorption in a reverberation room										
NBN EN ISO 11654:1997 NBN ISO 9613-1:1996 ISO 12999-2:2020	Acoustics - Attenuat part 1 : Calculation c	Acoustics - Sound absorbers for use in buildings - Rating of sound absorption Acoustics - Attenuation of sound during propagation outdoors - part 1 : Calculation of the absorption of sound by the atmosphere Acoustics - Determination and application of measurement uncertainties in building acoustics										
	Part 2: Sound absor											

To perform the above measurements, the laboratory of Daidalos Peutz is accredited by BELAC, "The Belgian Accreditation Body", under the certificate nr N°451-TEST. The activities covered by this accreditation certificate are covered by the EA MLA. BELAC is a signatory of all existing multilateral agreements and recognition agreements of International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC). In this way, reports issued by BELAC accredited bodies are internationally accredited.

Date and reference of the request:	20/05/2022	2022LAB-052
Date of receipt of the specimen(s):	31/03/2023	3
Date of construction:	3/04/2023	
Date of tests:	3/04/2023	
Date of preparation of the test report:	7/04/2023	

The measurements were carried out at Daidalos Peutz Laboratory for Acoustics at Hooglede, see appendix 1 This test report together with its annexes contains : 9 pages and must be multiplied only in its entirety

Technical Manager,

theeth

Laboratory Engineer,

Els Meulemans

Paul Mees



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MEASURING EQUIPMENT

<u>Signal</u>

Brüel & Kjaer - 4292 : Omni Power Sound Source

Microphone system: Brüel & Kjaer - 4189-L-001 : 1/2" free field microphone Brüel & Kjaer - 4189 : 1/2" free field microphone, 6Hz to Brüel & Kjaer - 2669 : 1/2" microphone preamplifier Brüel & Kjaer - 4231 : Sound calibrator 94&114dB SPL	o 20kHz, j	prepolarized
Number of source positions:	2	(Different sound source positions at least 3m apart.
Number of microphone positions for each source position:	8	The measurements shall be made with different microphone positions
Number of measured decays curves:	3	which are at least 1,5m apart, 2m from any sound source and 1m from
Total number of measurements with different positions		any room surface and the test specimen.)
for microphone & source:	16	
Signal processing		

Brüel & Kjaer - 2716C : Power amplifier Brüel & Kjaer - 3050-A-6/0: Signal generator, 6-ch. Inputmodule LAN-XI Brüel & Kjaer - 3160-A-042: Signal generator, 4/2-ch. Input/output module LAN-XI Brüel & Kjaer : PULSE Labshop Version 13.5 A PC with all necessary software

Reverberation room

Dimensions of the room:	Total volume :	298,3 m³
	Length:	9,99 m
	Width	4,97 m
	Height	5,98 m
	Volume door opening :	1,32 m³
	Total area:	279,9 m²
	$I_{max} = 12,65 \text{ m} < 1,9 \text{ V}^{\frac{1}{3}}$	

In order to improve the diffusivity, the use of diffusers is necessary

The test specimen shall have a maximum area of 15,62 m², which depends on the room volume



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TEST METHOD

The tests were conducted in accordance with the provisions of the test method EN ISO354:2003. A detailed description of the test set up has been given in the figures of annex 1 of this report.

The measurement method can be simply descibed as follows:

Essence of the test is in measuring of the reverberation time in the empty reflecting room and in the same room with the test sample inside it. The sound-absorption properties of a material depend on how the material is mounted during the test. Annex B of ISO 354:2003 specifies several different standard mountings that shall be used during a test for sound absorption. Normally a test specimen is tested using only one of the specified mountings.

From these reverberation times, the equivalent sound absorption area of the test specimen, is calculated by using Sabine's equation. Measurement is carried out in ranges of 1/3 octave and interval from 100Hz to 5000Hz.

The equivalent sound absorption area of the empty reverberation room, A1, in square metres, shall be calculated using the formula (1):

 $A_1 = 55,3 \text{ V} / (c_1 T_1) - 4 \text{Vm}_1 \qquad [m^2] \quad (1)$

The equivalent sound absorption area of the reverberation room containing a test specimen, A2, in square metres, shall be calculated using the formula (2):

[m²] (2)

(3)

A₂ = 55,3 V / (c₂T₂) - 4Vm₂

The equivalent sound absorption area of the test specimen, AT, in square metres, shall be calculated using the formula (3):

 $A_{T} = A_{2} - A_{1} = 55,3 V (1/c_{2}T_{2}-1/c_{1}T_{1}) - 4V(m_{2}-m_{1})$ [m²]

The sound absorption coefficient of a plane absorber or a specified array of test objects shall be calculated using the formula (4):

	α _S	= A _T / S	(4)									
whereas:	A ₁	=	The equivalent sound absorption area of the empty reverberation room in square metres									
	A ₂	=	The equivalent sound absorption area of the reverberation room containing a test specimen in square metres									
	V	=	volume , in cubic metres, of the empty reverberation room [m ³]									
	c ₁ ,c ₂	=	the propagation speed of sound in air, in [m/s], calculated using the formula									
			(in function of the temperature in the room during the test)									
			c=331 + 0,6 t with t= the air temperature in degrees Celsius									
			for temperatures in the range of 15°C to 30°C									
	T ₁	=	the reverberation time, in seconds, of the empty reverberation room									
	T ₂	=	the reverberation time, in seconds, of the reverberation room after the test specimen has been introduced									
	m ₁ ,m ₂	=	the power attenuation coefficient, in reciprocal metres, calculated according to ISO 9613-1:1993									
	A _T	=	The equivalent sound absorption area of the test specimen in square metres									
	S	=	the area, in square metres, covered by the test specimen									
	α _s	=	the sound absorption coefficient									

SPECIAL MEASUREMENT CONDITIONS

-

- -
- -
- -

n/a

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RATING OF SOUND ABSORPTION

α_{p} PRACTICAL SOUND ABSORPTION COEFFICIENT

Frequency-dependent value of the sound absorption coefficient which is based on measurements on one-third-octave bands in accordance with ISO 354 and which is calculated in octave bands in accordance with the standard ISO 11654:1997. The practical sound absorption coefficient, api, for each octave band i, is calculated from the arithmetic mean value of the three one-third octave sound absorption coefficients within the octave. The mean value is calculated to the second decimal and rounded in steps of 0,05 and maximized to 1,00 for rounded mean values > 1,00

α_w WEIGHTED SOUND ABSORPTION COEFFICIENT

The weighted sound absorption coefficient is determined as a single number value from the practical sound absorption coefficients from 250 Hz to 4000 Hz. The practical sound absorption coefficient is calculated according to ISO 11654:1997. Single-number frequency-independent value which equals the value of the reference curve at 500 Hz after shifting is as specified in the standard ISO 11654:1997.

SHAPE INDICATORS, L,M,H

Whenever a practical sound absorption coefficient api exceeds the value of the shifted reference curve by 0,25 or more, one or more shape indicators shall be added, in parantheses, to the aw value.

If the excess absorption occurs at 250 Hz, use the notation L.

If the excess absorption occurs at 500 Hz or 1000 Hz, use the notation M.

If the excess absorption occurs at 2000 Hz or 4000 Hz, use the notation H.

NRC NOISE REDUCTION COEFFICIENT

The NRC is a single-number index determined in a lab test and used for rating how absorptive a particular material is. This industry standard ranges from zero (perfectly reflective) to 1 (perfectly absorptive). It is simply the average of the mid-frequency sound absorption coefficients (250, 500, 1000 and 2000 Hertz) rounded to the nearest 5%.

SAA SOUND ABSORPTION AVERAGE

NRC is being replaced by the Sound Absorption Average (SAA), which is described in the current ASTM C423-17. The SAA is a single-number rating of sound absorption properties of a material similar to NRC, except that the sound absorption values employed in the averaging are taken at the twelve one-third octave bands from 200 Hz to 2500 Hz, inclusive, and rounding is to the nearest multiple of 0.01.

The NRC and SAA results are not within the scope of the accreditation.

Test results related to tested object only. The test results should not be considered as material constants, the absorption depends not only on the material itself. The method of construction, the size of the material surface and its place in the room, affect the sound absorption characteristics of the test element.

ACCURACY

The accuracy of the absorption coefficients as calculated can be expressed in terms of repeatability of measured reverberation times (tests within one laboratory) and reproducibility (between various laboratories)

met

The expanded uncertainty under reproducibility conditions, U, is calculated in accordance to the standard ISO 12999-2 for the confidence level of 95%, used the coverage factor k=2



- u = uncertainty under reproducibility conditions
 - k = coverage factor (k=2 for a confidence level of 95%)
 - U = expanded uncertainty under reproducibility conditions

This standard specifies how to calculate :

- the uncertainty of sound absoption coefficients and equivalent sound absorption areas measured according to ISO 354

- the uncertainty of the practical and weighted sound absorption coefficients determined according to ISO 11654

The numbers given are derived form inter-laboratory measurements with different types of test specimens including suspended ceilings, mineral wool, foams.



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SOUND ABSORPTION COEFFICIENT α_{s} EN ISO 354:2003 Acoustics - Measurement of sound absorption in a reverberation room EN ISO 11654:1997 Acoustics - Sound absorbers for use in buildings - Rating of sound absorption ISO 12999-2:2020 Acoustics - Determination and application of measurement uncertainties in building acoustics - Part 2: sound absorption Identification number of test element: Test date: 3/04/2023 3 Name of test institute : Daidalos Peutz Laboratory of Acoustics, Hooglede, Belgium V = **Reverberation room:** 298,3 m³ S_{tot} = 279,9 m² Room conditions during measurements: Empty room With testelement °C Т= 17,3 17,0 Temperature: Atmospheric pressure: p = 102,7 102,7 kPa Relative humidity : $h_r =$ 58 53 % Type of test element: Plane absorber Construction characteristics: Mounting type in line with ISO354 Annex B: Type G mounting (hung parallel to the room surface) Area of test element: 12,56 m² Total thickness: 100 mm Number of layers, including air spaces: 2 The curtain is hung parallel to the room surface . Connection of layers:

f(Hz)	T ₁ (s)	T ₂ (s)	αs	±U (k=2)		1,20 -											1				I		-
50					1	1,10 -											ι _s cui						
63						1,10											ι _p val	lues	rof	c		•	
80						1,00 -											inite	u u	, iei-	curve		_	Ц
100	10,53	8,40	0,09	± 0,07																			
125	8,35	5,67	0,22	± 0,11		0,90 -										-		-					
160	8,23	4,80	0,33	± 0,12																		-	
200	8,74	4,50	0,41	± 0,12	sound absorption index α_{s}	0,80 -											-	-	-			-	
250	9,42	3,92	0,57	± 0,13	de	0,70 -																	
315	9,30	3,51	0,68	± 0,13	L	0,70						ſ											
400	8,79	3,27	0,74	± 0,12	ţ;	0,60 -						<u> </u>					_	_					
500	8,75	3,13	0,79	± 0,11	Sort	,																	
630	9,04	3,17	0,79	± 0,10	ab	0,50 -				\vdash		 					_	_	_	_	_		_
800	8,72	3,22	0,75	± 0,09	pur																		
1000	8,84	3,24	0,75	± 0,09	S01	0,40 -									-		-					-	-
1250	8,29	3,11	0,77	± 0,09		0.20																	
1600	7,28	2,92	0,78	± 0,09		0,30 -		7															
2000	6,35	2,73	0,79	± 0,09		0,20 -																	
2500	5,30	2,44	0,82	± 0,08		0,20		·															
3150	4,29	2,16	0,85	± 0,08		0,10	\square					<u> </u>											
4000	3,33	1,85	0,87	± 0,08																			
5000	2,58	1,56	0,87	± 0,08		0,00 -						 				-	-					<u> </u>	_
f(Hz)	α _p	±U (k=2)				001	125	160			215 215	400	500	630	800	1000	1250	1600	2000	2500	3150	4000	5000
125	0,20													f (Hz								•	_,
250	0,55	± 0,10												1 (112	,								
500	0,75	± 0,08															_						
1000	0,75	± 0,08		α _w = 0,75		*		,07 (k=2)									RC		0,7			
2000	0,80	± 0,08		Sound ab	sorptio	on class	: C										s	AA :	-	0,72	**		
4000	0,85	± 0,10												*	It is st	rongly	recom	nmend	ded to	use thi	s singl	e-	

 Requested by:
 Indetex,Rue du Mont Gallois 58,7700 Mouscron

 TESTELEMENT:
 (product name, for details see Annex 2)

Rivoli - 200% pleated - G100 mounting

number rating in combination with the complete sound absorption coefficient curve ** These results are not within the scope of the accreditation



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ANNEX 1: Description test items by manufacturer

The test sample description given by manufacturer is checked visually as good as possible by the laboratory. The correspondence between the test element and the commercialized product is the sole responsibility of the manufacturer

Rivoli - 200% pleated - G100 mounting

Thickness : 0,55 mm

end use : drapery / curtains type of product : dim out composition : 52% recycled Pes FR + 48 % polyester FR weight : 330 g/m²

photo : detail of the front and back side of the curtain



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Transparence

Composition

Poids

Epaisseu

Largeur max,

Résistance à **l**a lumière

Construction tissage

Solidité des couleu après lavage

Nettoyage

Rétrécisseme possible

Absorption du sor Applications -usage final

Sens d'utilisation

Durabilité

Fils recyclés

Tuv

0,0%

Tv, n-h

Fc

0,47

Black out level

role de los

role de l'éblou

Clas ent au fei Trai

Gewicht

Dicke

Max, Nutzbreite

Lichtechtheit

Webkonstruktion

Farbechtheit beim Wascher

Pflegehinv

Ca. Schrumpfu möglich

Schallabsorption

Anwendungen -Endverwendung

Nachhaltickei

Recycelte Garn

g-tot

0,37

Gebrauchsa

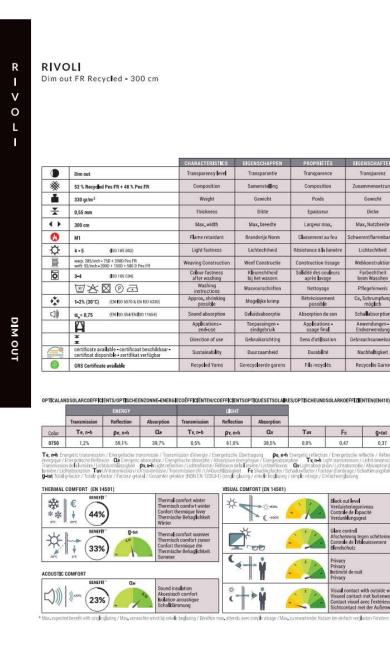
etzung



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ANNEX 2: Technical datasheet

The test sample description given by manufacturer is checked visually as good as possible by the laboratory. The correspondence between the test element and the commercialized product is the sole responsibility of the manufacturer





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ANNEX 3: photographs of the test element or the test arrangement

Description of the assembly or drawing or photo

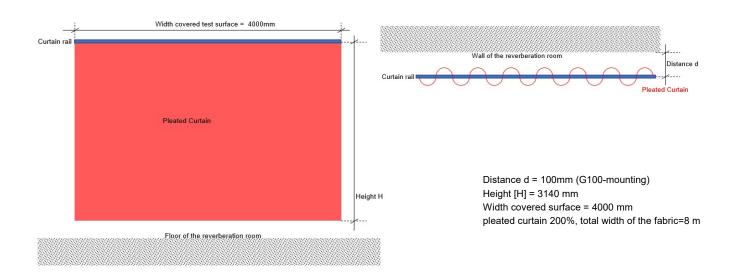
The curtain was hung draped parallel to one room wall surface on a curtain rail with 30 curtain hooks. For the draping 2 times more fabric was used than the finished width of the curtain (flow = 200%) The distance from curtain rail to the room surface was 100 for the type G-100 mounting The underside of the curtain just touched the floor of the measurement room.

photographs : RIVOLI - G100-mounting - 200%pleated









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ANNEX 4: Sketch of the test room

Daidalos Peutz Laboratory of Acoustics, Diksmuidesteenweg 17B/1, B-8830 Hooglede, Belgium

The test room was built and finished according ISO 354.

